

GEN 1.3 ENTRY TRANSIT AND DEPARTURE OF PASSENGERS AND CREW

1. Customs Requirements

1.1. Customs in Nepal is operated under the final channel system - the Red and Green channel, for the expeditious clearance of air travelers. All arriving passengers shall present themselves personally with their baggage and make declarations to customs at the Red channel if they have any prohibited, controlled or dutiable/taxable goods to declare. If they do not have any such goods, exceeding their duty/tax -free concession, they can pass through the green channel. However, passengers going through the green channel may be checked on a selective basis. All crew members are required to produce their baggage at the Red channel only. Baggage may be examined in such manner as deemed necessary and it shall be the duty of the person in charge of the baggage to produce, open, unpack and repack such baggage.

By following the points should be replaced for 1.2 and 1.3 and 1.4

1.2 Exemption of customs duty shall be granted on all or any of following used personal goods brought or taken with him or her (accompanied) or sent before or after his or her arrival (unaccompanied) by the foreign passenger arriving and departing by an international flight:

- a) One unit of binocular,
- b) On each piece of tablet or laptop, video camera and camera,
- c) One set or portable music system,
- d) Used clothes, bed sheets, and old articles for household use.
- e) One piece each of perambulator and tricycle,
- f) One bicycle,
- g) One watch,
- h) One cellular mobile Phone,
- i) Gold ornaments up to twenty-five grams for men and fifty grams for women and silver ornaments up to hundred grams,
But, gold spiral rings, bangles, chains, which are made in the ordinary ornament shapes, without using chemicals, are not allowed to be brought as ornaments.
- j) The following equipment/devices used by the professional passengers:
 - 1. A maximum of one set of equipment (Jawal) brought by a professional passenger to the work being done by him or her,
 - 2. Ordinary devices, tools and medicines brought by a doctor or Vaidya for the purpose of doing work according to his or her profession and the essential item used by the concerned expert,
 - 3. Musical instruments and necessary accessories related to music brought by a singer or musician,

4. The articles of the game that player plays,
 5. Fishing rod.
- 1.3 No customs duty shall be lived on the following goods brought by a foreign passenger holding a passport:
 - a) One bottle of up to one liter of liquor or up to twelve cans of beer,
 - b) Cigarette up to two hundred sticks, cigar up to fifty sticks, tobacco up to two hundred and fifty grams,
 - c) Medicines up to the aggregate value of ten thousand rupees (except the medicines the import of which is prohibited as per the prevailing law),
 - d) Foodstuffs (Including tin packs) of the aggregate value of five thousand rupees,
 - e) Fresh fruits of the aggregate value of up to two thousand rupees.
- 1.4 No custom Formalities are normally required for departing passengers unless it is required to do so. However, restrictions on the carriage of foreign cash currency in and out of the country remain in force. If a passenger is to bring and take more than five thousand US dollars in cash with him or her, the passenger shall declare the same at the concerned Customs Office as prescribed by the Customs Department. Visitors can export souvenirs to their respective countries. However, the export of antiques and precious or semi-precious stones requires a clearance and certificate from the department of archaeology Ram Shah Path. Gold, Silver, precious stones, wild animal and their skins, horns etc., all drugs whether processed or in their natural state are prohibited to export.

2. Immigration Requirements

- 2.1 Visas are not required for passengers those who are arriving and departing on the same flight or transferring to another flight at the same airport. Foreigners can apply for a transit visa if the connecting flight is scheduled for the next day.
- 2.2 Foreigners entering Nepal must have a valid passport and visa. Visa can be obtained beforehand from the Nepali diplomatic missions abroad or foreigners can get the on arrival 15/30/90 day's tourist entry visa with multiple re-entry facility at the immigration office TIA and the immigration offices at the land border also. NRN card holders can get free entry visa of 15/30/90 days from the Nepali diplomatic missions abroad and immigration office at the entry point.
- 2.3 Indian nationals are exempted of visa to enter Nepal but should have a valid passport or voter ID card, Emergency Certificate or Identity Certificate issued by the Embassy of India, Kathmandu. Indian nationals from the age group of above 65 years and below 15 years are also allowed to enter Nepal from airport with a PAN card, Driving license, CGHS card, Ration card etc.
- 2.4 Foreigners from Iraq, Afghanistan, Palestine, Nigeria, Ghana, Swaziland, Zimbabwe, Cameroon, Ethiopia, Liberia, Somalia, Syria and refugees holding foreign travel document are prohibited of visa on arrival at the entry points.
- 2.5 For flight crew members on scheduled services who keep possession of their license when embarking and disembarking, remain at the airport where the aircraft has stopped or within the confines of the cities adjacent thereto and depart on the same aircraft or on their next regularly scheduled flight out of Nepal, the crew member license or certificate is accepted in lieu of a passport or visa for temporary admission into Nepal. This provision is also applicable if the crew member enters Nepal by other means of transport for the purpose of joining an aircraft.
- 2.6 In case of emergency or public health pandemic, passengers are obliged to follow the protocols and standards provisioned by Government of Nepal.

3. Public health requirements

3.1 For disembarking passengers:

- a) **A Yellow fever vaccination certificate is required** for travelers aged 9 months or over arriving from countries with risk of Yellow fever transmission and for travelers having transited for more than 12 hours through an airport of a country with risk of yellow fever transmission.

Countries with risk of Yellow fever transmission:

Africa: Angola, Benin, Burkina faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Cote d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of Congo, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Liberia, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, South Sudan, Sudan, Togo and Uganda;

America: Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago (Trinidad only) and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

- b) **A proof of Polio vaccination with an International certificate of Vaccination is required** for travelers travelling from following countries. All residents and long-term visitors (i.e. > four weeks) of all ages should have received the polio vaccine between four weeks and 12 months prior to travel and those undertaking urgent travel (i.e. within four weeks) should have received a dose of polio vaccine at least by the time of departure.

Countries with risk of Polio transmission:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Central African Republic (CAR), Chad, Republic of Congo, **Democratic Republic of Congo**, Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, **French Guiana (France)** Gambia, Ghana, **Guinea**, Indonesia, Kenya, Liberia, Mali, Mauritania, **Mozambique** Niger, Nigeria, **Pakistan**, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Sudan, Spain, Sudan, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Yemen, Zimbabwe

- 3.2. On departure, health formalities to be followed as per the destination country health requirements.